			HEADER: 10 Bytes				
	ARQ HEADE			Callsign in		Payload	CRC
FRAMETYPE + CURRENT_FRAME		ARQ_TX_N_CURRENT_ARQ_FRAME				PAYLOAD DATA	FRAME CRO
1 Byte	1 Byte	2 Bytes	2 Bytes	1 Byte	1 Byte	(PAYLOAD_PER_FRAME) -10	
INT as BYTE	INT as BYTE	INT as BYTE	INT as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	BYTES	CRC 16 as B
(10-50)> 10 + current frame  The frametype is an INT 50 + the current frame number within a burst. We can detect if we have the first or last frame of a burst and we can preceise save frames to the RX buffer instead of just counting. This is important for ARQ Repeat	O-255  Here we set the total number of frames per burst. Combined with the frametype, we can detect if we received the first or last frame of a burst. This is also necessary to allocate the RX buffer and therefore to detect missing frames	This value determines the frame number within the total data frame. This is important for preceise saving to the data frame buffer and for decoding the entire data frame	O - 65000  This value determins the total number of frames, which are necessary for sending a data frame. This is really important for detecting the first and last ARQ frame of a data frame and to allocate the frame buffer	This is the receiver callsign as a CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	This is the sender callsign as CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	The payload data chunks	The freedy C
					j		
		ARQ BURST AC	K > HEADER: 5 Bytes				
ARQ HEADER	Callsign	information					CRC
FRAMETYPE	RECEIVER CALLSIGN	SENDER CALLSIGN					FRAME CF
1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte					2 Bytes
INT as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE					CRC 16 as E
60							
The ACK frame type for acknowledge of an ARQ burst	This is the receiver callsign as a CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	This is the sender callsign as CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.					The freedy (
		ARQ FRAME AC	K > HEADER: 5 Bytes				
ARQ HEADER	Callsign	information	ĺ				CRC
FRAMETYPE	RECEIVER CALLSIGN	SENDER CALLSIGN					FRAME C
1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte					2 Bytes
INT as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE					CRC 16 as E
61							
The ACK frame type for acknowledge of an data frame	This is the receiver callsign as a CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	This is the sender callsign as CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.					The freedy (
ADOLUEADED	2 " :		EST > HEADER: 11 Bytes	O DEDEAT			000
ARQ HEADER		information		RQ REPEAT FRAME O	DEDEAT EDANS		CRC
FRAMETYPE	RECEIVER CALLSIGN	SENDER CALLSIGN	REPEAT FRAME 1	REPEAT FRAME 2	REPEAT FRAME 3		FRAME C
1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte	2 Bytes	2 Bytes	2 Bytes		2 Bytes
INT as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	CRC 8 as BYTE	INT as BYTE	INT as BYTE	INT as BYTE		CRC 16 as E
62 The ACK frame type for repeating of ARQ frames	This is the receiver callsign as a CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	This is the sender callsign as CRC 8 to reduce overhead. The complete callsigns are in the data frame header. This is important for selective receiving.	0-65000  The frame ID of a ARQ frame which needs to be repeated	0-65000  The frame ID of a ARQ frame which needs to be repeated.	0-65000  The frame ID of a ARQ frame which needs to be repeated		The freedy (